CITY OF HARRIS HARRIS, MINNESOTA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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SECTION I INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF HARRIS HARRIS, MINNESOTA GENERAL INFORMATION

ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

2024

MAYOR Randy Carlson Diane Miller **COUNCIL MEMBER COUNCIL MEMBER** Al Siedow David Maack **COUNCIL MEMBER** Garret Pearson **COUNCIL MEMBER TREASURER** Sue Riesing Shannon Geier CITY CLERK Ted Alliegro **CITY ATTORNEY**

2025 **MAYOR** Randy Carlson Craig Moline **COUNCIL MEMBER** Chell Borash **COUNCIL MEMBER COUNCIL MEMBER** Al Siedow **COUNCIL MEMBER** Garret Pearson TREASURER Sue Riesing CITY CLERK Shannon Geier Robert Kringler **CITY ATTORNEY**

SECTION II FINANCIAL SECTION

Dennis E. Oberloh, CPA Sara J. Oberloh, CPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Harris Harris, Minnesota

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City of Harris, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Harris, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harris, Minnesota as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Harris, Minnesota and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Harris, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Harris, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension reporting schedules on pages 6 through 15 and 47 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Harris, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and summary financial report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and summary financial report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 14, 2025 on our consideration of City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oberloh & Oberloh, Ltd.
Redwood Falls, Minnesota

July 14, 2025

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

As Management of the City of Harris (hereinafter referred to as "the City") we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,437,072 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,511,638 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and, creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$344,944 as compared to an increase of \$1,032,658 the previous year. The governmental activities net position increased during 2024 by \$254,463 and the business-type activities net position increased during 2024 by \$90,481.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,293,435 an increase of \$291,657 in comparison with the prior year. \$233,538 was nonspendable to offset interfund loans, \$615,240 was restricted for capital projects and debt service, and the remaining balance of \$2,444,657 was available for spending at the City's discretion, although \$3,681 has been assigned for specific purposes.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,674,514, of which \$2,440,976 was unassigned. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was 371.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$241,920 or 5.5 percent during the current fiscal year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional components: (1) required supplementary information, and (2) other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (on page 16) provides information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them presented as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (on page 17) provides information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (Cont.)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Cont.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, and miscellaneous. The business-type activities of the City include water utility, sewer utility, and cemetery.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of nonspendable and spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet (on page 18) and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (on page 20) provide a reconciliation (on pages 19 and 21) to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and 2023 Capital Project Fund; which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its General Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water utility, sewer utility, and cemetery.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statement provides separate information for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund; all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The Cemetery Fund is shown in a separate column as a nonmajor fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 24 of this report.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (Cont.)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 25 through 46 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

This Management's Discussion and Analysis and the General Fund Budgetary Comparison, and Pension Schedules (on pages 47 - 57) represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes, referred to as the basic financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information

This part of the annual report (starting on page 58) includes optional financial information such as combining and individual nonmajor governmental fund statements (which are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column) and summary financial report. This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the City's annual report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Looking at the net position and net expenses of the governmental and business-type activities separately, different stories emerge. Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Typ	oe Activities	To	<u>otal</u>
	2024	2023	2024	<u>2023</u>	2024	2023
Current Assets	\$ 3,596,325	\$ 3,277,146	\$ (143,493)	\$ (39,259)	\$ 3,452,832	\$ 3,237,887
Capital Assets	<u>1,105,859</u>	1,129,804	5,554,615	5,628,176	6,660,474	6,757,980
Total Assets	4,702,184	4,406,950	5,411,122	<u>5,588,917</u>	<u>10,113,306</u>	<u>9,995,867</u>
Deferred Outflows of						
Resources	<u>35,870</u>	<u>78,401</u>	***	-	<u>35,870</u>	<u>78,401</u>
Current Liabilities	244,988	214,649	271,323	289,799	516,311	504,448
Long-term Liabilities	<u>553,556</u>	<u>597,291</u>	3,574,280	3,824,080	4,127,836	4,421,371
Total Liabilities	<u>798,544</u>	<u>811,940</u>	3,845,603	4,113,879	4,644,147	4,925,819
Deferred Inflows of						
Resources	<u>67,957</u>	<u>56,321</u>	_	_	67,957	56,321
Net Position						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	580,859	1,654,804	1,729,335	1,560,976	2,310,194	3,215,780
Restricted	615,240	567,542	-	-	615,240	567,542
Unrestricted						
(Deficit)	<u>2,675,454</u>	1,394,744	<u>(163,816</u>)	(85,938)	<u>2,511,638</u>	1,308,806
Total Net Position	\$_3,871,553	\$ <u>3,617,090</u>	\$ <u>1,565,519</u>	\$ <u>1,475,038</u>	\$ <u>5,437,072</u>	\$ <u>5,092,128</u>

THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Cont.)

Net Position (Cont.)

A large portion of the City's net position (42.5 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, systems and infrastructure, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (11.3 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (46.2 percent) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for both governmental and business-type activities, except for unrestricted net position for business-type activities.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Cont.)

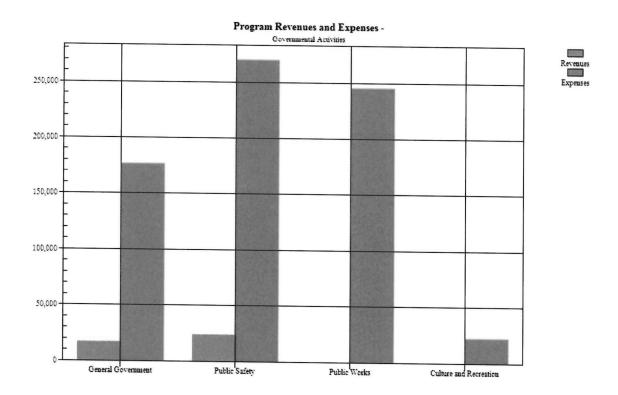
Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position												
	9	Governmenta	al A	<u>Activities</u>	\mathbf{B}	usiness-Ty	pe /	<u>Activities</u>		<u>To</u>	<u>tal</u>	
		2024		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u> 2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Fees, Fines, and												
Charges for												
Services	\$	18,729	\$	8,300	\$	269,410	\$	288,752	\$	288,139	\$	297,052
Operating Grants												
and Contributions		22,271		23,282		-		-		22,271		23,282
Capital Grants and												
Contributions		-		376,675		4,800		348,802		4,800		725,477
General Revenues:												
Taxes and												
Assessments		521,364		599,805		252,744		251,128		774,108		850,933
Intergovernmental												
Revenue		265,533		260,471				-		265,533		260,471
Interest Income		96,598		4,960		24,840		5,754		121,438		10,714
Miscellaneous												
Income	_	42,975	_	33,468		62	_	250		43,037		33,718
Total Revenues		967,470	-	681,126		551,856	_	493,660		1,519,326		2,201,647
Expenses												
General Government		176,558		193,355		-		-		176,558		193,355
Public Safety		269,745		208,840		-		-		269,745		208,840
Public Works		244,939		190,908				-		244,939		190,908
Culture and Recreation		21,765		17,793		-		-		21,765		17,793
Cost of Issuance of												
Debt		***		25,942		-		-		_		25,942
Water Utility		-		-		171,965		227,673		171,965		227,673
Sewer Utility		-				285,039		301,037		285,039		301,037
Cemetery						4,371		3,441		4,371		3,441
Total Expenses		713,007		492,263		461,375		716,868		1,174,382		1,168,989
Change in Net Position		254,463		670,123		90,481		362,535		<u>344,944</u>		1,032,658
Net Position Beginning												
Originally Stated		3,617,090		2,937,577		1,475,038		1,112,503		5,092,128		4,050,080
Prior Period												
Adjustment		**		9,390				-				9,390
As Restated		3,617,090		2,946,967		1,475,038		1,112,503		5,092,128		4,059,470
Net Position Ending	\$	3,871,553	\$	3,617,090	\$	1,565,519	\$	1,475,038	9	5,437,072	9	<u>5,092,128</u>
3												

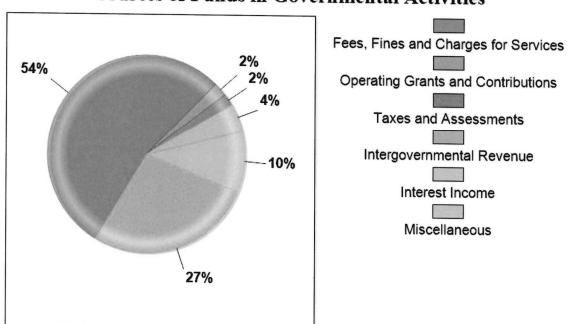
THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Cont.)

Governmental Activities

The following graphs depict various governmental activities and show the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.



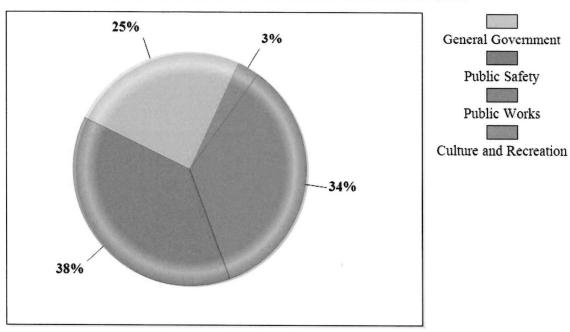
Sources of Funds in Governmental Activities



THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Cont.)

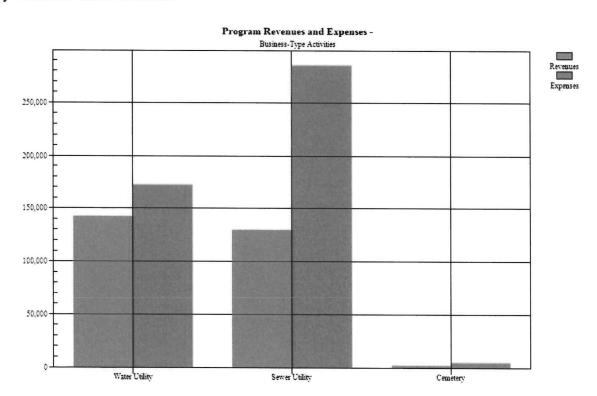
<u>Governmental Activities</u> (Cont.)

Uses of Funds in Governmental Activities



Business-Type Activities

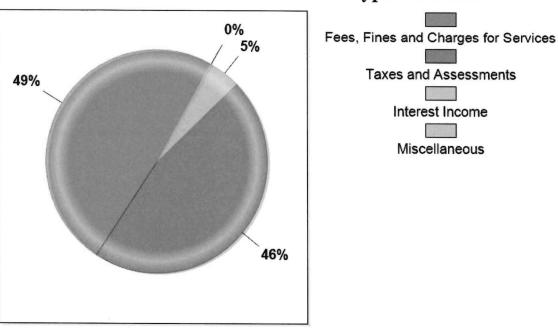
The following graphs depict various business-type activities and show the revenues and expenses directly related to those activities.



THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Cont.)

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> (Cont.)

Sources of Funds in Business-Type Activities



A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$3,293,435, an increase of \$291,657 in comparison with the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,674,514, of which \$2,440,976 was unassigned. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$243,959 during 2024.

The 2023 Capital Project Fund is used to account for the resources and expenditures related to the capital project fund. The restricted fund balance at the end of the year was \$409,647 which will be used to pay remaining project related costs.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$163,816. Other factors concerning the finances of the enterprise funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's General Fund budget was not amended during the year. The budget called for \$93,798 revenues in excess of expenditures. Revenues exceeded expectations by \$142,897 and expenditures came in under budget by \$7,261 in 2024.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$6,201,882 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.5 percent (an 2.1 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 0.1 percent increase for business-type activities). The decrease was due to current year depreciation exceeding capital outlay.

	<u>G</u>	overnmen [*]	tal A	<u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities			<u>Totals</u>				
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Construction in												
Progress	\$	-	\$	258,477	\$	86,516	\$	406,712	\$	86,516	\$	665,189
Land, Buildings and												
Improvements	1	,253,253		994,777		-		-	1	,253,253		994,777
Plant and Equipment	_1	<u>,911,674</u>		1,838,682	(9,650,087	_	9,238,798	11	,561,761	1	1,077,480
Subtotal	3	,164,927		3,091,936	9	9,736,603		9,238,798	12	,901,530	12	2,737,446
Less: Accumulated												
Depreciation	_2	,059,068		1,962,132		<u>4,181,988</u>		4,017,334	_6	,241,056		5,979,466
Total	\$ <u>_1</u>	,105,859	\$_	1,129,804	\$_:	5,554,615	\$_	5,550,010	\$ <u>_6</u>	,660,474	\$	<u> 5,757,980</u>

<u>Debt</u> At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total Long-term debt outstanding of \$4,158,280.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>To</u>	<u>tals</u>
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u> 2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
G.O. Improvement						
Bonds	\$ 525,000	\$ 525,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525,000	\$ 525,000
G.O. Revenue Notes	-	-	3,633,280	3,875,200	3,633,280	3,875,200
Total	\$ <u>525,000</u>	\$ <u>525,000</u>	\$ <u>3,633,280</u>	\$ <u>4,444,000</u>	\$ <u>4,158,280</u>	\$ <u>4,400,200</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Harris is a small rural city with easy access to I35 and within commuting distance to the Twin Cities and the northern suburbs. The City will continue to monitor the budget and levy and make future increases when necessary.

Water and sewer utility rates will continue to be reviewed to ensure revenues are sufficient to cover the costs of providing the services to users. Future water and sewer rates will be reviewed with upcoming projects. The City is working on improvements to infrastructure.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens and other interested individuals with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the accountability for the monies it receives through property taxes, user fees, and local government aid. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's Office at City of Harris, 43970 Ginger Ave, PO Box 111, Harris, MN 55032, phone 651 674 7546, email: clerk@harrismn.com.

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Pr	imary	y Governmen	t	
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	3,135,815	\$	15,024	\$	3,150,839
Receivables:						
Accounts Receivable		15,949		59,142		75,091
Property Taxes Receivable		29,776		15,879		45,655
Special Assessments Receivable		107,324		(000 - 000)		107,324
Internal Balances		233,538		(233,538)		-
Capital Assets:						
Nondepreciable:						
Construction in Progress		-		86,516		86,516
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:						
Land, Buildings and Improvements		626,459		***		626,459
Plant and Equipment		479,400		5,468,099		5,947,499
Net Pension Asset		63,983		-		63,983
Unamortized Bond Discount		9,940	********	-		9,940
TOTAL ASSETS	***************************************	4,702,184		5,411,122		10,113,306
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to Pension	*******	35,870		-		35,870
LIADULITUE						
LIABILITIES		0.7. < 0.7		2 2 1 2		00.44
Accounts Payable		95,692		3,919		99,611
Taxes Payable		- 0.004		15.000		2 2 124
Accrued Interest		8,094		15,090		23,184
Accrued Wages Unearned Revenue		12,997		1,312		14,309
Noncurrent liabilities:		107,377		-		107,377
Due within one year		15,000		251,000		266,000
Net Pension Liability		43,556		251,000		266,000 43,556
Due in more than one year		510,000		3,574,280		4,084,280
Unamortized Bond Premium		5,828		3,374,200		5,828
TOTAL LIABILITIES		798,544		3,845,603	_	4,644,147
1011B BII BIBITIBS		170,544		<u> </u>	-	7,077,177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to Pension		67,957		•••		67,957
					_	<u> </u>
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		580,859		1,729,335		2,310,194
Restricted		615,240		-		615,240
Unrestricted (Deficit)		2,675,454		(163,816)		2,511,638
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,871,553	\$	1,565,519	\$	5,437,072
			ALPINESS A		=	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

tevenue $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Changes in Net Position Primary Government Business-Type Activities 7) \$ - \$ \$ 7) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 7) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 7) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 7) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 7) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 7) \$ - \$ 8) \$ - \$ 90,481	rmmenta tivities (159,56 (245,73) (244,93) (244,93) (244,93) (672,00) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	S Capital Grants Acc Gove A 4,800	um Revenue perating ants and attributions 22,271 22,271	Program	Expenses \$ 176,558 269,745 244,939 21,765 171,965 285,039 4,371 461,375 \$ 1,174,382	nctions/Programs mary Government Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities: Water Utility Sewer Utility Cemetery Total Business-Type Activities:
	(859,172	(187,165)	(672,007)	\$ 4,800	\$22,271	\$ 288,139	\$ 1,174,382	otal Primary Government
\$ 1,174,382 \$ 288,139 \$ 22,271 \$ 4,800 (672,007) (187,165)	(187,165	(187,165)	#	4,800			461,375	Total Business-Type Activities:
S 461,375 269,410 - 4,800 - (187,165) \$ 1,174,382 \$ 22,271 \$ 4,800 - (187,165) -	(2,37	(2,371)	1	Commence of the Commence of th	7	2,000	4,371	Cemetery
Fype 4.371 2,000 (2,371) - (187,165) - (187,165) - (461,375 \$ 288,139 \$ 22,271 \$ 4,800 (672,007) (187,165) - (187,165)	(155,203	(155,203)	1	ı	ı	129,836	285,039	Sewer Utility
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(29,59)	(29,591)	ı	4,800	,	137,574	171,965	Business-Type Activities: Water Utility
Fype	(672,00	1	(672,007)	1	22,271	18,729	713,007	Total Governmental Activities
ss: 1713,007 18,729 22,271 (672,007) (29,591) 285,039 129,836 (2,371) Sype 461,375 \$\frac{269,410}{2}\$ \$\frac{22,271}{2,300}\$ \$\frac{-}{-}\$ \$\frac{4,800}{-}\$ \$\frac{-}{-}\$ \$\frac{(187,165)}{(187,165)}\$ \$\frac{-}{-}\$ \$\frac{-}{-}\$ \$\frac{(187,165)}{(187,165)}\$ \$\frac{-}{-}\$ \$\frac{-}{-}	(21,76	1	(21,765)		**		21,765	Culture and Recreation
ion 21,765 (21,765) (21,765) (672,007) - ((244,93	1	(244,939)	1	t	•	244,939	Public Works
ion 21,765 (244,939) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (21,765) (22,271] (672,007) (155,203) -	(245,73	,	(245,736)	ı	22,271	1,738	269,745	Public Safety
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	_	· •		; S		,		Governmental Activities: General Government
ss: \$ 176,558 \$ 16,991 \$ - \$ (159,567) \$ - \$ (269,745	Total	Activities	Activities	Capital Grants	Contributions	Services	Expenses	nctions/Programs mary Government
Expenses Services Contributions Capital Grants Activities Activities T T		Business-Type	Governmental		Operating Grants and	Fees, Fines and Charges for		
Expenses Fees, Fines and Operating Charges for Grants and Char	ant	rimary Governme	P			1		
Expenses Services Contributions Capital Grants and Charges for Grants and Capital Grants Capit	tion	anges in Net Posit	Ch		Program Revenues			
Fees, Fines and Operating Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Primary Government	and	st Sources (Uses) a						

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	2023 Capital	Nonmajor Governmental	
	Fund	Project	Funds	Total
ASSETS:	1 4114	110,000	1 41145	
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 2,516,943	\$ 409,647	\$ 209,225	\$ 3,135,815
Accounts Receivable	15,949	<u> </u>	_	15,949
Property Taxes Receivable	29,674	-	102	29,776
Special Assessments Receivable	-	-	107,324	107,324
Due from Other Funds	233,538		-	233,538
Total Assets	\$ <u>2,796,104</u>	\$ <u>409,647</u>	\$316,651	\$ <u>3,522,402</u>
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 95,692	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,692
Accrued Wages	5,722	-	-	5,722
Unearned Revenue		***	107,377	107,377
Total Liabilities	101,414	-	107,377	208,791
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Unavailable Revenue	20,176	***	*	20,176
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,176			20,176
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable	233,538	-	-	233,538
Restricted	-	409,647	205,593	615,240
Assigned	-	-	3,681	3,681
Unassigned	<u>2,440,976</u>	-	-	<u>2,440,976</u>
Total Fund Balances	2,674,514	409,647	209,274	3,293,435
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND				
BALANCES	\$ <u>2,796,104</u>	\$ <u>409,647</u>	\$ <u>316,651</u>	\$ <u>3,522,402</u>

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 3,293,435
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,105,859
Part of taxes and special assessments receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	20,176
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, bond premium, and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(546,197)
Long-term assets, including bond discounts are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	9,940
Net Pension Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	(11,660)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,871,553

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Ge	neral Fund	3 Capital		onmajor vernmental Funds		Total
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	486,145	\$ -	\$	39,617	\$	525,762
Licenses		16,576	-		-		16,576
Intergovernmental Revenue		287,826	-		-		287,826
Charges for Services		415	-		-		415
Fines and Forfeits		1,738	-		-		1,738
Interest Income		65,378	-		31,219		96,597
Miscellaneous		42,975	 -		_	_	42,975
Total Revenues		901,053	 		70,836		971,889
EXPENDITURES							
Current Operations:							
General Government		161,852	-		-		161,852
Public Safety		197,152	-		~		197,152
Public Works		204,083	-		-		204,083
Culture and Recreation		21,016	-		-		21,016
Debt Service:							
Interest Payments		-	-		22,663		22,663
Miscellaneous		-	-		475		475
Capital Outlay		72,991	 -		**		72,991
Total Expenditures		657,094	 		23,138	-	680,232
EXCESS REVENUES OVER							
DISBURSEMENTS		243,959	***		47,698		291,657
FUND BALANCES - January 1		2,430,555	 409,647	-	161,576	_	3,001,778
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$_	2,674,514	\$ 409,647	\$	209,274	\$_	3,293,435

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 291,657
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	72,991
Depreciation Expense	(96,936)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Taxes	(4,398)
Interest on long-term liabilities is expensed as paid in the funds, but accrued in the period due in the Statement of Net Position.	3,238
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are delayed and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Debt Premium/Discount	(2,411)
Pension expense related to the Net Pension Liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 (9,678)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 254,463

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

ASSETS	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Cemetery Fund	Total
CURRENT ASSETS				
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,024	\$ 15,024
Accounts Receivable	30,579	28,563	_	59,142
Property Taxes Receivable	2,365	13,514	-	15,879
Total Current Assets	32,944	42,077	15,024	90,045
Total Callell Liberto				
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital Assets:				
Plant and Equipment	2,839,030	6,811,057	-	9,650,087
Construction in Progress	75,587	10,929		86,516
Total Capital Assets	2,914,617	6,821,986	-	9,736,603
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,159,418	3,022,570	_	4,181,988
Net Capital Assets	1,755,199	3,799,416	_	<u>5,554,615</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>1,788,143</u>	\$ <u>3,841,493</u>	\$ <u>15,024</u>	\$ <u>5,644,660</u>
101111111111111111111111111111111111111				
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,600	\$ 2,120	\$ 199	\$ 3,919
Taxes Payable	-	-	2	2
Due to Other Funds	10,915	222,623	-	233,538
Accrued Interest	3,671	11,419	-	15,090
Accrued Wages	621	621	70	1,312
Current Amount of Long-Term Debt	48,000	203,000	244	<u>251,000</u>
Total Current Liabilities	64,807	439,783	<u> 271</u>	<u>504,861</u>
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	639,280	<u>2,935,000</u>	***	3,574,280
		2 254 522	071	4.070.141
TOTAL LIABILITIES	704,087	3,374,783	<u> 271</u>	4,079,141
NET DOCUTION				
NET POSITION Not Investment in Conital Assets	1,067,919	661,416	_	1,729,335
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,007,919	(194,706)	14,753	(163,816)
Total Net Position	1,084,056	466,710	14,753	1,565,519
Total Net I Usition	1,004,030	400,710	14,733	1,000,017
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ <u>1,788,143</u>	\$ <u>3,841,493</u>	\$ <u>15,024</u>	\$ <u>5,644,660</u>

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

			Nonmajor Cemetery	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 137,526	\$ 129,033	\$ -	\$ 266,559
Miscellaneous Revenues	48	<u>802</u>	2,000	2,850
Total Operating Revenues	137,574	129,835	2,000	<u>269,409</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and Benefits	5,829	5,825	3,471	15,125
Depreciation	51,139	113,515	-	164,654
Insurance	7,009	6,679	-	13,688
Professional Services	79,751	79,138	-	158,889
Repairs, Maintenance and Supplies	1,507	8,422	217	10,146
Utilities	15,444	38,448	683	54,575
Other Services and Charges	<u>758</u>	<u> </u>	-	1,137
Total Operating Expenses	<u>161,437</u>	<u>252,406</u>	4,371	418,214
NET OPERATING LOSS	(23,863)	(122,571)	(2,371)	(148,805)
NON OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSE				
Interest Income	3,612	18,890	2,339	24,841
Taxes and Special Assessments	37,555	215,189	-	252,744
Grant Income	4,800	-	-	4,800
Miscellaneous Income	62	-	-	62
Interest Expense	(10,528)	(32,633)		(43,161)
Net Non Operating Income and Expense	<u>35,501</u>	201,446	2,339	239,286
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	11,638	78,875	(32)	90,481
NET POSITION - January 1	1,072,418	387,835	14,785	_1,475,038
NET POSITION - December 31	\$ <u>1,084,056</u>	\$ <u>466,710</u>	\$ <u>14,753</u>	\$ <u>1,565,519</u>

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Cemetery Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	A. 140.626	Ф 120 202	Ф 2.000	ф 272 O20
Receipts from Customers	\$ 140,636	\$ 130,302	\$ 2,000	\$ 272,938
Payments to Vendors	(130,798)	(132,958)	(821)	(264,577)
Payments to Employees	(5,642)	(5,638)	(3,401)	(14,681)
Other Receipts and Payments	62			62
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating	4.250	(9.204)	(2.222)	(6.259)
Activities	4,258	(8,294)	(2,222)	(6,258)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	10.520	20.070		20,600
Due to Other Funds	10,530	20,070	-	<u>30,600</u>
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	10,530	20,070		30,600
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	10,550	20,070	***************************************	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of Capital Assets	(75,587)	(15,506)	_	(91,093)
Taxes and Special Assessments Collected	37,554	215,190	_	252,744
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(44,920)	(197,000)	***	(241,920)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(10,469)	(33,350)		(43,819)
Grant Income	4,800	-	-	4,800
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related		***************************************		
Financing Activities	(88,622)	(30,666)	_	(119,288)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			***************************************	
Interest Earned	3,612	18,890	2,339	24,841
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	3,612	18,890	2,339	24,841
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(70,222)	-	117	(70,105)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - January 1	70,222	204	<u>14,907</u>	<u>85,129</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - December 31	\$	\$	\$ <u>15,024</u>	\$ <u>15,024</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities Operating Loss	\$ (23,863)	\$(122,571)	\$ (2,371)	\$ (148,805)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net				
Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	51,139	113,515	_	164,654
Depreciation Changes in Agests and Liabilities	31,139	113,313	-	104,034
Changes in Assets and Liabilities Accounts Receivable	3,062	467	_	3,529
Accounts Payable	(26,329)		79	(26,142)
Accounts rayable Accrued Salaries	187	187	70	444
Other Revenues and Expenses	62	-	, o	62
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ 4,258	\$ (8,294)	\$ (2,222)	
The Cash Horidea (Osca) by Operating Activities		-		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Harris (the City) was established under the laws of the State of Minnesota. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and four-member Council. The Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City provides the following: general government, public safety, public works, public health and welfare, culture, recreation, waterworks, and sanitary sewer services.

The financial statements of the City of Harris, Minnesota are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Based on this criteria, the City of Harris has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements. Governmental Activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) sales. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The primary effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, special assessments, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year which the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Cont.)
Unavailable revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue. On the modified accrual basis, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2023 Capital Project Fund This fund is used to account for the resources and expenditures related to the 2023 Capital Project.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water Fund This fund is used to account for the costs associated with the City's water system and insures that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.
- Sewer Fund This fund is used to account for the costs associated with the City's sewer system and insures that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) sales. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Cont.)

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City.

F. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City provides temporary advances to funds that have insufficient cash balances by means of an advance from another fund shown as interfund receivables in the advancing fund, and an interfund payable in the fund with the deficit, until adequate resources are received. These interfund balances are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

G. Property Taxes

The Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, June and November each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by an unavailable revenue liability for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

H. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2024. Since the City is generally able to certify delinquent amounts to the County for collection as special assessments, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided on current receivables.

I. Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are annually certified to the County or received in cash during the year or within 60 days after year end. All governmental special assessments receivable are offset by an unearned revenue liability in the fund financial statements.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Cont.)

J. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

As the City constructs or acquires assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend it useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation. The City has elected not to retroactively capitalize the infrastructure of its governmental activities acquired prior to January 1, 2004 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 34.

For financial statement purposes only, capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings 30-40 years; improvements 20 years; furniture and equipment 3-25 years.

L. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The total amount of compensated absences accrued at December 31, 2024 was \$7,275.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Cont.)

M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond discounts and premiums are recorded as assets and liabilities, respectively and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to or deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

P. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and advances to other funds.

Restricted - Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by Resolution of the City Council.

Assigned - Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints reflect the specific purpose for which it is the City's intended use. These constraints are established by the City Council and/or management.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the general fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order; 1) committed 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

Q. Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- (a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- (b) Restricted net position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- (c) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

R. Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

2. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Cont.)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Cont.)

In July of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Treasurer so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 15, the proposed budget is presented to the Council for review. The Council holds public hearings and a final budget is prepared and adopted in early December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Council. No budget amendments were made during the year.

B. Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following sub-functions of the general fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Function Area	Budget	Actual	,	Variance
Public Safety	\$ 193,805	\$ 257,182	\$	(63,377)
Culture and Recreation	\$ 15,225	\$ 21,016	\$	(5,791)

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

A. Cash and Cash Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial Credit Risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks, which are authorized by the City Council and are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statutes require that all City deposits be 110% secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance (140% in the case of mortgage notes pledged).

Authorized collateral includes the legal investments described by state statutes, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state and local government obligations. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$3,150,839 and the bank balance was \$3,180,549 including certificates of deposits of \$1,553,675. Of the bank balance, \$310,380 was covered by federal depository insurance. Of the remaining balance, \$2,270,169 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name.

B. Investments

The City maintains no investment accounts other than certificates of deposit reported above.

4. DUE TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS

Due to and from other funds at December 31, 2024, follows:

	Due from Other	Due to Other
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ 233,538	\$ -
Water Fund	-	10,915
Sewer Fund	-	222,623
	\$ <u>233,538</u>	\$ <u>233,538</u>

Interfund receivables and payables are for cash flow purposes and are expected to be liquidated through cash transfers from available cash balances.

5. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unavailable and unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
General Fund		
Delinquent taxes receivable	\$ <u>20,176</u>	\$
Total	\$ <u>20,176</u>	\$

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities - Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance <u>January 1</u>	Additions	Transfers/ Retirements	Balance December 31
Not Being Depreciated: Construction in Progress	\$ 258,477	\$	\$ <u>(258,477)</u> (258,477)	\$
Subtotal Other Capital Assets:	258,477		(230,477)	***
Land, Buildings and	994,777		258,477	1,253,254
Improvements Plant and Equipment	1,838,682	72,991		1,911,673
Subtotal	2,833,459	72,991	<u>258,477</u>	3,164,927
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land, Buildings and				(0 (MO E
Improvements	600,906	25,889	-	626,795
Plant and Equipment	<u>1,361,226</u>	<u>71,047</u>		1,432,273
Subtotal	<u>1,962,132</u>	96,936		2,059,068
Net Other Capital Assets	<u>871,327</u>	(23,945)	<u>258,477</u>	<u>1,105,859</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>1,129,804</u>	\$ <u>(23,945)</u>	· \$	\$ <u>1,105,859</u>

CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont.) 6.

Business-Type Activities - The following is a summary of business-type activities capital assets at December 31, 2024.

	Balance January 1	Additions	Transfers/ Retirements	Balance December 31
Not Being Depreciated: Contribution in Progress Subtotal	\$ <u>406,712</u> 406,712	\$	\$ <u>(406,712)</u> <u>(406,712)</u>	\$
Other Capital Assets: Plant and Equipment Subtotal Less: Accumulated	9,238,798 9,238,798	<u>4,577</u> <u>4,577</u>	406,712 406,712	9,650,087 9,650,087
Depreciation Plant and Equipment Subtotal Net Other Capital Assets Net Capital Assets	4,017,334 4,017,334 5,221,464 \$_5,628,176	164,654 164,654 (160,077) \$ (160,077)		4,181,988 4,181,988 5,468,099 \$_5,468,099

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	12,085
Public Safety		64,472
Public Works		19,630
Culture and Recreation		749
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	96,936
Business-Type Activities:	, 	
Water	\$	51,139
Sewer	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	113,515
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$	164,654

7. <u>FUND BALANCE</u>

A. Classifications

		2023		
		Capital	Nonmajor	
	General	Project	Governmental	
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable:				
Interfund Receivable	\$ <u>233,538</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>233,538</u>
Total Nonspendable	233,538		_	233,538
Restricted for:				
Capital Project	-	409,647	-	409,647
Debt Service	***	-	205,593	205,593
Total Restricted		409,647	205,593	615,240
Assigned to:				
Park Improvements	-	-	2,230	2,230
Economic Development	-		1,451	1,451
Total Assigned			3,681	3,681
Unassigned	2,440,976	_	_	2,440,976
Total	\$ <u>2,674,514</u>	\$ <u>409,647</u>	\$ <u>209,274</u>	\$ <u>3,293,435</u>

B. Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The City Council has formally adopted a policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The most significant revenue source of the General Fund is property taxes. This revenue source is received primarily in two installments during the year June and December. As such, it is the City's goal to begin each fiscal year with sufficient working capital to fund operations between each semi-annual receipt of property taxes.

The policy establishes a year-end targeted unassigned fund balance amount for cash-flow timing needs in the range of 35-50% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures. At December 31, 2024, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 358.9% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures

8. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended December 31, 2024.

	Balance		Debt	Balance	Current
	January 1	Debt Issued	<u>Retired</u>	December 31	<u>Amount</u>
G.O. Improvement Bonds	\$ 525,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525,000	\$ 25,000
G.O. Revenue Notes	4,067,200	1,200	<u>243,120</u>	3,825,280	<u>251,000</u>
Totals	\$ <u>4,592,200</u>	\$1,200	\$ 243,120	\$ <u>4,350,280</u>	\$ <u>276,000</u>

General Obligation Improvement Bonds issued by the governmental activities will be repaid through the related debt service fund. General Obligation Revenue Notes issued by the business-type activities are liquidated by the related Water and Sewer Funds.

8. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont.)

Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024 are comprised of the following issues:

Governm	ental	Activ	vities
CICYCHIII	CHECH	/ CLI	V 11.11.5

\$525,000 General Obligation Bonds 2023A, due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$45,000 through February 1, 2039, plus interest at 3.25 - 4.0%. Total Governmental Activities

525,000 525,000

Business-Type Activities

\$88,520 General Obligation Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Note, due in annual installments of \$2,120 to \$5,400 through August 20, 2040, plus interest at 1.0%.

86,280

\$1,333,450 General Obligation Treatment Facility Water Revenue Note 2023B, due in annual installments of \$31,450 to \$57,000 through August 20, 2036, plus interest at 1.535%.

601,000

\$4,995,642 General Obligation Wastewater Facility Revenue Note, due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$330,000 through August 20, 2037, plus interest at 1.0%.

3,138,000

Total Long-Term Debt

\$ 4,350,280

The annual requirements to maturity for long-term liabilities are as follows assuming full issuance of the \$88,520 General Obligation Revenue Note of 2023B:

General Obligation Bonds Governmental Activities

	<u>P</u>	rincipal		Interest	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	25,000	\$	19,018	\$ 44,018
2026		25,000		18,206	43,206
2027		30,000		17,312	47,312
2028		30,000		16,337	46,337
2029		30,000		15,362	45,362
2030-2034		180,000		58,875	238,875
2035-2039		205,000		20,900	225,900
2040-2044	*****	-		-	 -
Total	\$_	525,000	\$_	166,010	\$ 691,010

G.O. Revenue Notes

Business-Type Activities

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 251,000	\$ 41,469	\$ 292,469
2026	258,000	38,724	296,724
2027	264,000	35,898	299,898
2028	271,000	33,012	304,012
2029	277,000	30,056	307,056
2030-2034	1,491,000	104,267	1,595,267
2035-2039	993,000	22,190	1,015,190
2040-2044	<u>20,400</u>	<u> 516</u>	20,916
Total	\$ <u>3,825,400</u>	\$ <u>306,132</u>	\$ <u>4,131,532</u>

8. <u>CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Cont.)

Interest expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 8,867
Public Works	 13,796
Total Interest Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 22,663
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Utility	\$ 10,841
Sewer Utility	 32,633
Total Interest Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 43,474

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u>

A. Plan Description

The City of Harris, Minnesota participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353, 353D, 353G, and 356. Minnesota Statutes chapter 356 defines each plan's financial reporting requirements. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan (General Plan)

Membership in the General Plan includes employees of counties, cities, townships, schools in non-certified positions, and other governmental entities whose revenues are derived from taxation, fees, or assessments. Plan membership is required for any employee who is expected to earn more than \$425 in a month, unless the employee meets exclusion criteria.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service. When a member is "vested," they have earned enough service credit to receive a lifetime monthly benefit after leaving public service and reaching and eligible retirement age. Members who retire at or over their Social Security full retirement age with at least one year of service qualify for a retirement benefit.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE (Cont.)

B. Benefits Provided (Cont.)

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan requires three years of service to vest. Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of the Step or Level formulas. Only the Level formula is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under the Step formula, General Plan members receive 1.2 percent of the highest average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under the Level formula, General Plan members receive 1.7 percent of highest average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full retirement benefit is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. Members can receive a reduced requirement benefit as early as age 55 if they have three or more years of service. Early retirement benefits are reduced by .25 percent for year month under age 65. Members with 30 or more years of service can retire at any age with a reduction of .25 percent for each month the member is younger than 62. The Level formula allows General Plan members to receive a full retirement benefit at age 65 if they were first hired before July 1, 1989 or at age 66 if they were hired on or after July 1, 1989. Early retirement begins at age 55 with an actuarial reduction applied to the benefit.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. The 2024 annual increase was 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353, 353E, 353G, and 356 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by that state Legislature.

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

General Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the City of Harris, Minnesota was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City of Harris, Minnesota contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$7,264. The City of Harris, Minnesota contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2024, the City of Harris, Minnesota reported a liability of \$43,556 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City of Harris, Minnesota's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City of Harris, Minnesota totaled \$1,126.

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u> (Cont.)

D. Pension Costs (Cont.)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of Harris, Minnesota's proportion share of the net pension liability was based on the City of Harris, Minnesota's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City of Harris, Minnesota proportionate share was 0.0012% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0012% for the beginning of the period.

City of Harris proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	43,556
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability		,
associated with the City of Harris	**********	1,126
Total	\$	44,682

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City of Harris, Minnesota recognized pension expense of \$1,922 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City of Harris, Minnesota recognized an additional \$(22) as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2024, the State of Minnesota contributed \$170.1 million to the General Employees Fund. The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the General Employee Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$170.1 million in direct state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The City of Harris, Minnesota recognized 24 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2024, the City of Harris, Minnesota reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

]	Deferred	Deferred		
	O	utflows of	In	flows of	
	E	<u>Resources</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>esources</u>	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	4,099	\$	-	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		199		16,708	
Net collective difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		-		10,032	
Changes in proportion		7,163		916	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date		3,740			
Total	\$_	15,201	\$	27,656	

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u> (Cont.)

D. Pension Costs (Cont.)

The \$3,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City of Harris, Minnesota contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Pension Expense	Amount
2025	\$	(5,808)
2026	\$	(1,382)
2027	\$	(5,668)
2028	\$	(3,337)
2029	\$	AM
Thereafter	\$	-

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	<u>25.0%</u>	5.90%
Total	100%	

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the cost-sharing defined benefit plans was determined by the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0%. The 7.0% assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates considered reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0% was deemed to be within that range.

- Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employee Plan, Police and Fire Plan and the Correctional Plan.
- Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees Plan, 1% for the Police and Fire Plan, and 2% for the Correctional Plan.

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u> (Cont.)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Cont.)

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service. In the police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service. In the Correctional Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.0% at age 20 to 3.0% at age 60.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan and the Correctional Plans are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The General Employees plan was last reviewed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The Police and Fire Plan and Correctional Plan were reviewed in 2024. PERA anticipates the experience study will be approved by the Legislative commission on Pensions and Retirement and become effective with the July 1, 2025 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2024:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Changed in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors undated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE (Cont.)

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2024 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund, Police and Fire, and Correctional Plans were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City of Harris, Minnesota proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City of Harris, Minnesota proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

1%	Decrease			1% I	ncrease
in I	Discount	Di	scount	in Di	iscount
Rat	e (6.0%)	Rate	(7.0%)	Rate	(8.0%)
\$	95,133	\$	43,556	\$	1,129

General Employees Fund:

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE FIRE PERA

A. Plan Description

The City of Harris, Minnesota participates in the Statewide Volunteer Firefighter Retirement Plan (accounted for in the Volunteer Firefighter Fund), an agent multiple-employer lump-sum defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The Volunteer Firefighter Plan covers volunteer firefighters of municipal fire departments or independent nonprofit firefighting corporations that have elected to join the plan. As of December 31, 2023 the plan covered 24 active firefighters and 2 vested terminated firefighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353 G.

B. Benefits Provided

The Volunteer Firefighter Plan provides retirement, death, and supplemental benefits to covered firefighters and survivors. Benefits are paid based on the number of years of service multiplied by a benefit level approved by the City of Harris, Minnesota. Members are eligible for a lump-sum retirement benefit at 50 years of age with five years of service. Plan provisions include a pro-rated vesting schedule that increases from 5 years at 40 percent through 20 years at 100 percent.

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u> (Cont.)

C. Contributions

The Volunteer Firefighter Plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in *Minnesota Statutes*, and voluntary City of Harris, Minnesota contributions. The State of Minnesota contributed \$8,882 in fire state aid to the fund for the year ended December 31, 2023. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City had no required annual contribution for December 31, 2023.

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City of Harris, Minnesota reported a net pension asset of \$63,983 for the Volunteer Firefighter Fund. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by PERA applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the fire department. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability during the year.

	Total			Plan		et Pension
	Pension		Fiduciary		1	Liability
		Liability	Net Position			(Asset)
Beginning Balance December 31, 2022	\$	74,315	\$	117,356	\$	(43,041)
Changes for the Year						
Service Cost		30,461		-		30,461
TPL Interest		6,287		~		6,287
Projected Investment Earnings		-		7,308		(7,308)
Contributions (ER/State)		_		8,882		(8,882)
Difference between Projected and Actual						
Investment Earnings		(30,761)		-		(30,761)
Asset (Gain)/Loss				10,739		(10,739)
Net Changes	_	5,987		26,929		(20,942)
Balance End of Year December 31, 2023	\$_	80,302	\$_	144,285	\$_	(63,983)

For the year ended December 31, 2024 the City of Harris, Minnesota recognized pension expense of \$16,791.

At December 31, 2024 the City of Harris, Minnesota reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Γ	Deferred
	Out	tflows of	In	flows of
	Re	sources	R	<u>esources</u>
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	-	\$	11,785
Net collective difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		_		17,713
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date		9,865		_
Total	\$	9,865	\$	29,498

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u> (Cont.)

D. Pension Costs (Cont.)

\$9,865 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City of Harris contributions (both statutorily-required and voluntary, as applicable) subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Pension Expense Amour			
2024	\$	(3,315)		
2025	\$	249		
2026	\$	(3,766)		
2027	\$	(1,619)		
Thereafter	\$	(21,047)		

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023, was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

- Retirement eligibility at the later of age 50 or when fully vested
- Investment rate of return of 6.0 percent

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the Volunteer Firefighter Fund will be made at a rate equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on that assumption, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City of Harris, Minnesota net pension liability for the Volunteer Firefighter Fund, calculated using the assumed discount rate as well as what the City of Harris, Minnesota net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percent lower or one percent higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		1% Increase
	in Discount	Discount	in Discount
	Rate (5.0%)	Rate (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (56,348)	\$ (63,983)	\$ (71,062)

9. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE</u> (Cont.)

H. Plan Investments Policy

The Minnesota State Board of Investment (SBI) is established by Article XI of the Minnesota Constitution to invest all state funds. Its membership as specified in the Constitution is comprised of the governor (who is designated as chair of the board), state auditor, secretary of state and state attorney general.

All investments undertaken by the SBI are governed by the prudent person rule and other standards codified in *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 11A and Chapter 353G.

Within the requirements defined by state law, the SBI, with assistance of the SBI staff and the Investment Advisory Council, establishes investment policy for all funds under its control. These investments policies are tailored to the particular needs of each fund and specify investment objectives, risk tolerance, asset allocation, investment management structure and specific performance standards. Studies guide the on-going management of the funds and are updated periodically.

I. Asset Allocation

To match the long-term nature of the pension obligations, the SBI maintains a strategic asset allocation for the Volunteer Firefighter Plan that includes allocations to domestic equity, international equity, bonds and cash equivalents. The long-term target asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return is the following:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	35%	5.10%
International Stocks	15%	5.30%
Bonds	45%	0.75%
Unallocated Cash	5%	0.00%

The six percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method. Best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using both long-term historical returns and long-term capital market expectations from a number of investment management and consulting organizations. The asset class estimates and that target allocations were then combined to produce a geometric, long-term expected real rate of return for the portfolio. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

Description of significant investment policy changes during the year: The SBI made no significant changes to their investment policy during Fiscal Year 2023 for the Volunteer Firefighter Fund.

J. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Volunteer Firefighter Fund's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023, is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.mnpera.org.

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Any contingent liability for other post employment benefits is considered immaterial and not recognized in the financial statements.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no material related party transactions during the year 2024.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Management

The city is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to or destruction of assets, business interruption, errors and omissions, employee injuries and illness, and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Claims and Judgments

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluated all activity of City of Harris through July 14, 2025 (the issue date of the Financial Statements) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the Financial Statements or disclosure in the Notes to the Financial Statements.



CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 With Comparative Amounts for the year ended December 31, 2023

		<u>2023</u>			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES:					
TAXES:			A 4514 252	ф (2.75 <i>(</i>)	¢ 414.002
General Property Taxes	\$ 477,108	\$ 477,108	\$ 474,352	\$ (2,756)	
Gravel Tax	14,000	14,000	10,832	(3,168)	25,439 957
Cable Franchise Tax	1,170	1,170	961	$\frac{(209)}{(6.122)}$	441,388
Total Taxes	492,278	492,278	486,145	(6,133)	441,300
LICENSES AND PERMITS:					
Licenses and Permits	<u>7,510</u>	<u>7,510</u>	<u>16,576</u>	9,066	6,955
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
REVENUE:					
Other Federal Grants	-	~	-	-	189,939
Local Government Aid	222,695	222,695	222,695	-	204,221
Market Value Credit	6,000	6,000	8,013	2,013	7,274
State Fire Aid	12,000	12,000	22,271	10,271	23,282
Other State Grants	-		<u>34,847</u>	34,847	48,968
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	240,695	240,695	287,826	47,131	473,684
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:					
General Government	620	620	415	(205)	<u>700</u>
Total Charges for Services	620		415	(205)	<u>700</u>
Total Charges for Services			4 = 0.0	1 000	(15
FINES AND FORFEITS	<u>650</u>	<u>650</u>	1,738	1,088	645
INTEREST INCOME	6,000	6,000	65,378	59,378	4,961
MISCELLANEOUS:					
Donations	9,000	9,000			8,796
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	4,389		22,545
Sale of Property	-	-	5,549		11,400
Miscellaneous Income	1,400				4,972
Total Miscellaneous	10,400	10,400	42,975	32,575	47,713
TOTAL REVENUES	758,153	758,153	901,053	142,900	976,046

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BLANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

With Comparative Amounts for the year ended December 31, 2023

		<u>2024</u>					V	Variance		<u>2023</u>
	O	riginal		Final			with Final			
		Budget		Budget		Actual	<u>F</u>	Budget		Actual
EXPENDITURES:										
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:										
Mayor and Council:			_			c cm .	ф	601	Φ.	** 110
Personnel Services	\$	7,275	\$	7,275	\$	6,674	\$	601	\$	7,110
Other Current Expenditures		140		140		72		68		110
Election:		2.150		2.150		2 270		(120)		
Personnel Services		3,150		3,150		3,279		(129)		(22)
Other Current Expenditures		344		344		608		(264)		(22)
Clerk/Treasurer:		100 665		100 665		104,382		5,283		101,078
Personnel Services		109,665		109,665 2,400		1,732		668		2,088
Other Current Expenditures Other General Government:		2,400		2,400		1,732		008		2,000
Personnel Services		4,540		4,540		5,422		(882)		4,838
		29,860		29,860		30,310		(450)		35,762
Other Current Expenditures Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000		50,510		1,000		6,019
Planning and Zoning		1,000		1,000				1,000		0,017
Current Expenditures		5,000		5,000		823		4,177		9,314
Independent Auditing		5,000		2,000		0.20		.,		-)- - ·
Current Expenditures		11,500		11,500		8,550		2,950		8,400
Legal		11,000		22,000		-,				. ,
Current Expenditures		2,500		2,500		_		2,500		_
Total General Government		177,374	_	177,374		161,852		15,522		174,697
							-			
PUBLIC SAFETY:										
Police Protection:										
Current Expenditures		40,396		40,396		39,842		554		30,778
Fire Protection:						21.001		~ 41		20 (00
Personnel Services		32,545		32,545		31,804		741		28,690
Other Current Expenditures		107,864		107,864		125,506		(17,642)		104,744
Capital Outlay		13,000		13,000		60,030		<u>(47,030)</u>		259,367
Total Public Safety		193,805		193,805		257,182		(63,377))	423,579
PUBLIC WORKS:										
Highways and Streets:										
Personnel Services		125,361		125,361		60,297		65,064		55,372
Other Current Expenditures		111,750		111,750		130,099		(18,349)		100,296
Capital Outlay		10,000		10,000		12,961		(2,961		24,530
Street Lighting:		,				,		₹		,
Current Expenditures		6,000		6,000		5,844		156		5,896
ominary mishaumana		- ,		. ,		,				

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BLANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

With Comparative Amounts for the year ended December 31, 2023

		<u>2023</u>			
EXPENDITURES (Cont.):	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC WORKS (Cont.): Building Inspection: Current Expenditures Total Public Works	\$ <u>14,840</u> <u>267,951</u>	\$ <u>14,840</u> <u>267,951</u>	\$ <u>7,843</u> 217,044	\$ <u>6,997</u> 50,907	\$ <u>4,359</u> <u>190,453</u>
CULTURE AND RECREATION: Parks and Recreation: Personnel Services Other Current Expenditures Total Culture and Recreation	7,575 7,650 15,225	7,575 7,650 15,225	8,944 12,072 21,016	(1,369) (4,422) (5,791)	8,052 9,243 17,295
DEBT SERVICE: Interest Payments Total Debt Service	10,000 10,000	10,000 10,000		10,000 10,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	664,355	664,355	657,094	7,261	806,024
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	93,798	93,798	243,959	150,161	170,022
FUND BALANCES - January 1	2,430,555	2,430,555	2,430,555	_	2,260,533
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$ <u>2,524,353</u>	\$ <u>2,524,353</u>	\$ <u>2,674,514</u>	\$ <u>150,161</u>	\$ <u>2,430,555</u>

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2024

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability 89.10 %	76.67 % 87.00 % 79.10 % 80.20 % 75.90 % 68.90 % 78.19 %
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) of its Covered- Employee Payroll Payroll 100.00 % 83.10 %	110.86 % 61.90 % 89.23 % 82.94 % 99.62 % 128.42 % 99.51 %
Covered- Employee Payroll 99,720 68,903	80,827 56,827 41,520 54,347 69,227 84,360 64,040
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City 44,682 68,903	89,601 35,176 37,049 45,563 57,414 84,042 82,242 57,008
State's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability Associated with City 1,126 1,800	2,481 1,012 1,076 1,333 1,938 1,051 1,047
Proport Share (A of the Pens	87,120 34,164 35,973 44,230 55,476 82,991 81,195 57,008
Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.0012 % 0.0012 %	0.0011 % 0.0008 % 0.0006 % 0.0010 % 0.0013 % 0.0010 % 0.0011 %
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024 June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021 June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016 June 30, 2015

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2024

				ontributions in telation to the			Contributions as a Percentage of
	S	tatutorily		Statutorily	Contributions	Covered-	Covered-
	F	Required		Required	Deficiency	Employee	Employee
Fiscal Year Ended	Co	ntribution	(Contributions	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
December 31, 2024	\$	7,264	\$	7,264	No.	\$ 96,853	7.50 %
December 31, 2023	\$	7,667	\$	7,667	-	\$ 102,227	7.50 %
December 31, 2022	\$	5,898	\$	5,898	-	\$ 78,646	7.50 %
December 31, 2021	\$	4,132	\$	4,132	-	\$ 55,094	7.50 %
December 31, 2020	\$	3,934	\$	3,934	MA.	\$ 52,453	7.50 %
December 31, 2019	\$	2,546	\$	2,546	-	\$ 33,947	7.50 %
December 31, 2018	\$	5,319	\$	5,319	-	\$ 70,920	7.50 %
December 31, 2017	\$	5,707	\$	5,707	-	\$ 76,093	7.50 %
December 31, 2016	\$	5,494	\$	5,494	-	\$ 73,253	7.50 %
December 31, 2015	\$	4,585	\$	4,585	-	\$ 61,133	7.50 %

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS COSMOS FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION DECEMBER 31, 2024

Fiscal Year		2023		<u>2022</u>		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	30,461	\$	30,461	\$	26,457	\$	12,706
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		6,287		4,598		3,342		5,480
Difference Between Expected and Actual								
Experience		(30,761)		(6,917)		(12,874)		(14,476)
Changes in Assumptions		-		-		-		(106,192)
Changes of Benefit Terms				-		-		-
Benefit Payments	_	-		-		-	_	
Net change in total pension liability		5,987		28,142		16,925		(102,482)
Net change in total pension hability		3,767		20,172		10,723		(102,402)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		74,315	_	46,173	_	29,248	-	131,730
	Φ	00.000	Φ	71017	Φ	46 150	ф	20.240
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	80,302	\$_	74,315	\$_	46,173	\$ _	29,248
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions State	\$	8,882	\$	7,706	\$	10,489	\$	-
Contributions Local	4	-	Ψ	-	4	3,000	4	_
Asset Transfer/Other		-		-		14,111		11,895
Net Investment Income		18,047		(19,241)		10,477		17,514
Benefit Payments		_		-		-		(106,192)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		-		(638)		(336)		(339)
1	_		_	/	_		_	/
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		26,929		(12,173)		37,741		(77,122)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		117,356		129,529		91,788		168,910
	_		-		-		-	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$_	144,285	\$_	117,356	\$_	129,529	\$_	91,788
Net Pension (Asset)/Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(63,983)	\$_	(43,041)	\$_	(83,356)	\$.	(62,540)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		179.68 %		157.92 %		280.53 %		313.83 %

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Information for prior years is not available.

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AS A PERCENT OF PAYROLL COSMOS FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Statutor	ily	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily	Contributions	Covered-	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-
	Requir		Required	Deficiency	Employee	Employee
Fiscal Year Ended	Contribu	tion	Contributions	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
December 31, 2024	\$ 9,	865	\$ 9,865	-	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2023	\$ 8,	882	\$ 28,343	(19,461)	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2022	\$ 7,	706	\$ 7,706	-	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 10,	489	\$ 13,489	3,000	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 11,	895	\$ 11,895	_	N/A	N/A

General Employees Fund

2024 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The following changes in assumptions are effective with the July 1, 2024 valuation, as recommended in the most recent experience study (dated June 29, 2023):

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Change in Plan Provisions

The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.50% to 7.00% *Change in Plan Provisions*
- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.50% minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

2022 Changes

Change in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Change in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 Changes

Change in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 Changes

Change in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Change in Plan Provisions

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Change in Actuarial Assumptions

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018 *Changes in Plan Provisions*
- The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and no more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; doe not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increase, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

SECTION III SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

						Debt		
						Service		
	Special Revenue Funds Park					<u>Funds</u>		
	Impi	ovement						
		and			20	23 Series		
	Deve	elopment	ED	A Fund		A Bonds		Total
ASSETS:			***************************************					<u> </u>
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	2,230	\$	1,451	\$	205,544	\$	209,225
Property Taxes Receivable	·	-	•	-,	Ψ	102	Ψ	102
Special Assessments Receivable		_		_		107,324		107,324
•			-			107,327	*******	107,324
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,230	\$	1,451	\$	312,970	\$	316,651
			Ψ		Ψ	312,770	Ψ	
LIABILITIES:								
Unearned Revenue	\$	_	\$	_	\$	107,377	\$	107,377
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	107,377	Φ	107,377
Total Liabilities		_		_		107,377		107,377
	-					107,377		107,377
FUND BALANCES:								
Restricted		_				205 502		205 502
Assigned		2,230		1 451		205,593		205,593
Total Fund Balances	************		***************************************	1,451		205 502		3,681
. om I did Daldioos	***************************************	2,230		1,451		205,593		209,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,230	\$	1 451	Φ	212.070	φ	216.651
TOTTE EMBILITIES AND TUND BALANCES	Ψ	2,230	هــــــ	<u>1,451</u>	P	<u>312,970</u>	\$	316,651

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		<u>pecial Rev</u> Park	enue	Funds		Debt Service <u>Funds</u>		
	Imp	rovement and			20)22 G :		
	Dev	elopment	FD	A Fund		23 Series A Bonds		T-4-1
REVENUES	DOV	CIOPITICITE		Trunu		A DONUS	*********	Total
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,617	\$	39,617
Interest Income				-		31,219		31,219
Total Revenues		_				70,836		70,836
EXPENDITURES								
Interest Payments		•••		_		22,663		22 662
Miscellaneous		_		-		475		22,663 475
Total Expenditures	***************************************	_				23,138		23,138
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		_		-		47,698		47,698
FUND BALANCES - January 1		2,230	N - 111.	1,451		157,895		161,576
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$	2,230	\$	1,451	\$	205,593	\$	209,274

CITY OF HARRIS, MINNESOTA SUMMARY FINANCIAL REPORT

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OPERATIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Harris to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at the City Hall, 43970 Ginger Ave Harris, MN Questions about this report should be directed to Shannon Geier, City Clerk, at 651 674 7546

REVENUES:		Total 2024		Total <u>2023</u>	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Taxes and Assessments	\$	505 760	Φ	506 222	(10.22)0/
Licenses and Permits	Ф	525,762 16,576	\$	586,333	(10.33)%
Intergovernmental		287,826		6,955 660,420	138.33 %
Charges for Services		415		700	(56.42)%
Fines		1,738		645	(40.71)% 169.46 %
Investment Earnings		96,597		4,962	1,846.74 %
Miscellaneous		42,975		47,713	(9.93)%
Issuance of Debt		74,913		525,000	(9.93)%
Total Revenues	\$	971,889	\$ 1	,832,728	<u>(46.97)</u> %
Per Capita	Ψ	861	Ψ_1	1,623	<u>(40.97)</u> /0
T		001		1,023	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current					
General Government	\$	161,852	\$	168,678	(4.05)%
Public Safety	•	197,152	•	164,212	20.06 %
Public Works		204,083		165,923	23.00 %
Culture and Recreation		21,016		17,295	21.51 %
Debt Service:		, ,			
Interest Payments		22,663		-	100.00 %
Miscellaneous		475		_	100.00 %
Cost of Issuance of Debt				30,663	(100.00)%
Capital Outlay		72,991		539,003	(86.46)%
Total Expenditures	\$	680,232	\$ 1	,085,774	(37.35)%
Per Capita		603	-	962	
Governmental Long-term Indebtedness	\$_	525,000	\$_	525,000	- %
Per Capita		465		465	
General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance - December 31	\$	2 <u>,440,976</u>	\$_2	2,227,617	<u>9.58</u> %
Per Capita		2,162		1,973	

SECTION IV ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Dennis E. Oberloh, CPA Sara J. Oberloh, CPA



P.O. Box 186 530 West Park Road Redwood Falls, MN 56283 507-644-6400 www.oberlohcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Harris Harris, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Harris, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Harris, Minnesota's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 14, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Harris, Minnesota's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 and 2024-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Harris, Minnesota's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Harris, Minnesota's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Harris, Minnesota's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Harris, Minnesota's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oberloh & Oberloh, Ltd.
Redwood Falls, Minnesota

July 14, 2025

CITY OF HARRIS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

INTERNAL CONTROL FINDINGS Audit Finding 2024-001

Criteria: The City does not have the internal resources to identify all journal entries required to maintain a general ledger and to prepare the full-disclosure financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: The City's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal use that meets the needs of management and the City Council. However, the City does not have internal resources to identify all journal entries required to maintain a general ledger and prepare full-disclosure financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles for external reporting. The City is aware of this significant deficiency, and obtains our assistance in the preparation of the City's annual financial statements.

Cause: The City does not have the internal expertise needed to handle all aspects of the external financial reporting.

Effect: The City's management is aware of the deficiency and addresses it by reviewing and approving the adjusting journal entries and completed statements prior to distribution to the end users.

Recommendations: For entities of the City's size, it generally is not practical to obtain the internal expertise needed to handle all aspects of the external financial reporting.

Managements Response: Management agrees with the recommendation that it is not cost effective for the City to prepare the financial statements and maintain a working knowledge of the required disclosures.

Audit Finding 2024-002

Criteria: Internal control that supports the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements requires adequate segregation of accounting duties.

Condition: The City does not have adequate segregation of accounting duties.

Cause: There are a limited number of office employees.

Effect: The lack of adequate segregation of accounting duties could adversely affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendations: For entities of the City's size, it generally is not practical to obtain the internal control that supports the adequate segregation of duties.

Managements Response: Management agrees with the recommendation that it is not cost effective for the City to maintain proper segregation of duties.

Dennis E. Oberloh, CPA Sara J. Oberloh, CPA



P.O. Box 186 530 West Park Road Redwood Falls, MN 56283 507-644-6400 www.oberlohcpa.com

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Harris Harris, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the Untied States, the financial statements of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Harris, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 14, 2025.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that City of Harris, Minnesota failed to comply with the provisions of the Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City of Harris, Minnesota's noncompliance with the above reference provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oberloh + Oberloh, Hel. Oberloh & Oberloh, Ltd.

Redwood Falls, Minnesota

July 14, 2025